

Kentucky Residential Energy Code Study - Data Driven Results

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Outline

- Overview of Project
- Phase I
- Phase II
- Phase III
- Results
- Conclusions / Observations
- Resources



Acknowledgements Project Team

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- KY Department of Housing Buildings and Construction (DHBC) -Roger Banks/Ric McNees
- KY Department for Energy Development and Independence (DEDI) Lee Colten / Michael Kennedy
- The Cadmus Group Nigel Makela/Jolyn Green/Eric Makela
- Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL) Vrushali Mendon
- **Project Manager** George Mann
- Circuit Rider Larry Mahaffey



Project Overview

- In 2014 the US Department of Energy funded residential energy code compliance studies in eight states, including KY
- Establish residential energy code compliance baseline, and determine if focused training & support can improve compliance.
- 3-year, three phase, statewide program targeting new, single-family homes
 - Baseline Study and Analysis
 - Intervention
 - Post Intervention Baseline Study and Analysis
- MEEA was the lead agency for KY, with DHBC and DEDI as project partners



PHASE ONE Collection & Analysis

Data Collection & Analysis



Phase I Identifying Key Items

- Prior to starting the study, the Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL) conducted sensitivity analysis
 - Based on prescriptive and mandatory provision of the 2009 IECC
 - Determined which code requirements drive the majority of energy savings (Key Items)
 - Same key items for all climate zones
- Eight states participated in the studies, including Kentucky, Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, and Texas



Phase I Key Items

- Envelope Tightness (ACH50)
- Window Solar Heat Gain
 Coefficient
- Wall Insulation (R-value and Quality)
- Ceiling Insulation (R-value and Quality)

- Foundation
 Insulation
 (R-value and Quality)
- High Efficacy Lighting
- Duct Leakage (CFM25)
- Window Ufactor



Data Collection Process

- Followed DOE data collection protocol
 - Randomized Sampling Plan
 - Key Items Must be Observed
 - Minimum of 63 Observations of Each Key Item
 - Single Visit to a Given Home
 - Statistically Significant Results at State Level
- Survey team spent about 5 months collecting field data
- A stakeholder group was established to provide feedback and guide the project
- 140 homes were visited in Phase I



Phase I PNNL Analysis

PNNL conducted three separate analyses of the collected data

Statistical Analysis

 Examination of the field data, and data distribution relative to compliance requirements

Energy Analysis

Modeling of energy consumption representative of observed homes

Measure-Level Savings Analysis

- Projection of potential savings associated with improved compliance
- Compliance happens at the measure level



Measure-Level Analysis

- Key items were individually examined to determine the number of worse-than-code observations
- All key items having 15% or more non-compliant observations were included in the measure-level analysis



 An individual "as-built" model was created for each noncompliant value, with all other values remaining at code compliant levels



Measure-Level Analysis

- This allowed the savings potential from each key item to be evaluated in isolation
- Differences in energy use were weighted according to the frequency of each observation to arrive at an average energy savings potential for each key item
- State-specific construction volumes and fuel prices were then used to calculate the energy savings potential of full compliance for that key item
- About 25,000 data points related to new singlefamily homes were collected in Phase I



Annual Potential Compliance Savings (2009 IECC)

Key Measure		Annual Savings			
		Energy (MMBtu)	Cost (\$)		
1	Envelope Air Leakage	27,182	\$484,314		
2	Ceiling Insulation	11,372	\$215,656		
3	Exterior Wall Insulation	9,277	\$171,044		
4	Foundation Insulation	6,800	\$108,156		
5	Lighting	5,742	\$197,544		
6	Duct Leakage	2,135	\$43,142		
Total		62,508 MMBtu	\$1,219,856		



Cumulative Potential Compliance Savings (2009 IECC)

	Total Energy Savings (MMBtu)			Total Energy Cost Savings (\$)		
Measure	5yr	10yr	30yr	5yr	10yr	30yr
Envelope Air Leakage	407,730	1,495,010	12,639,630	\$7,264,710	\$26,637,270	\$225,206,010
Ceiling Insulation	170,580	625,459	5,287,971	\$3,234,844	\$11,861,095	\$100,280,170
Exterior Wall Insulation	139,155	510,235	4,313,805	\$2,565,660	\$9,407,420	\$79,535,460
Foundation Insulation	101,997	373,989	3,161,903	\$1,622,345	\$5,948,598	\$50,292,689
Lighting	86,130	315,810	2,670,030	\$2,963,160	\$10,864,920	\$91,857,960
Duct Leakage	32,025	117,425	992,775	\$647,130	\$2,372,810	\$20,061,030
TOTAL	937,620	3,437,939	29,066,211	\$18,297,844	\$67,092,095	\$567,233,170



PHASE TWO

Training and Education



Phase II Overview

- Phase Two programs were developed and implemented based on findings of Phase I
- Phase Two programs focused on code officials and builders, and were implemented in all parts of the state
 - Go to where the builders and code officials work
- Programs included a pro-active circuit rider providing individual assistance, statewide inperson training, and online training available 24/7
- Phase II was a relatively inexpensive intervention core program ~\$200,000 per year



Phase II Circuit Rider Program

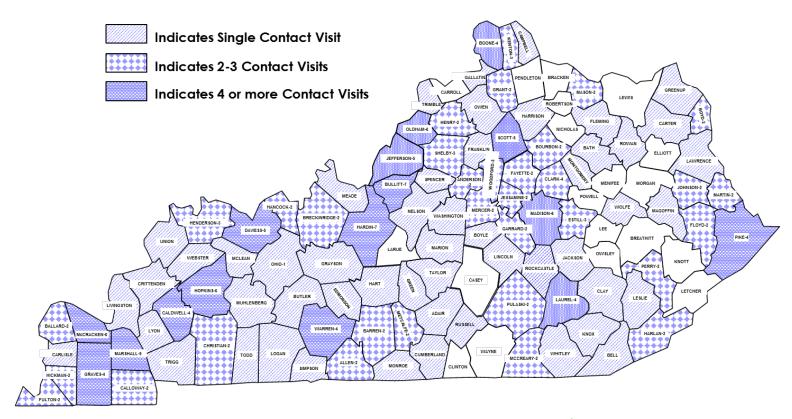
- Hired retired code official as circuit rider (half-time)
- Pro-actively reach out to code officials, homebuilders, and other stakeholders on a regular basis
- Provide individual assistance at stakeholder's office or jobsite
- Establish and maintain trusted advisor relationship
- Traveled over 32,450 miles





Phase II Circuit Rider Program

Kentucky Circuit Rider Visits Through 09/27/2017





Phase II In Person Training Program

- 25 full-day, in-depth training sessions offered in 14 different counties across the state
 - 1 half-day class for stakeholder group
- Classes approved for CEU credits
- ~400 students and over 3,000 contact hours
- Training Topics
 - HVAC Design and Sizing Principals
 - Air Sealing and Insulation Principals
 - Common Compliance Challenges



Phase II Outreach and Resources

- Created 14 short (4-14 minute) code overview videos and posted on YouTube, with >735 views to date
 - Views dropped off after program ended
- Made 37 presentations (yup, just like this one!)
 with a total attendance of 1,128 people
- Distributed about 1,500 pieces of compliance literature
 - 734 compliance guides
 - 380 compliance certificates (blank)
 - 254 code books
 - 49 insulation guides
 - 49 resource cards

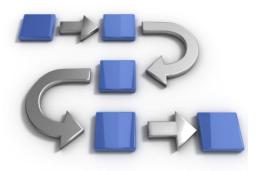


PHASE THREE Déjà Vu All Over Again



Phase III Methodology

- Created **new** randomized sampling plan
- Conducted a second data collection effort following the same protocol
- 129 homes were visited in Phase III
- Phase III data was analyzed and compared to Phase I data to determine impact of Phase II
- Study was designed to give statistically significant results only at the state level





Final Results!



Measure Comparison

KY - Non-compliance comparison: Phase I t			
Measure	Phase I Non- Compliance	Phase III Non- Compliance	Percentage Point Improvement
Envelope Air Leakage	32%	2%	30
Ceiling Insulation (R-value)	13%	11%	2
Ceiling Insulation (quality)	58%	40%	18
Exterior Wall Insulation (R-value)	1%	0%	1
Exterior Wall Insulation (quality)	66%	58%	8
Foundation Insulation (R-value)	19%	30%	-11
Foundation Insulation (quality)	86%	76%	10
Lighting	67%	60%	7
Duct Leakage (conditioned space)	80%	65%	15
Duct Leakage (unconditioned space)	32%	39%	-7
Window U-Factor	2%	9%	-7



Final Analysis

	Phase I			Phase III		
Measure	Total Energy Savings (MMBtu)	Total Energy Cost Savings (\$)	Total State Emissions Reduction (MT CO2e)	Total Energy Savings (MMBtu)	Total Energy Cost Savings (\$)	Total State Emissions Reduction (MT CO2e)
Envelope Air Leakage	27,182	484,314	3,092	581	10,321	65
Ceiling Insulation	11,372	215,656	1,080	4,835	91,786	595
Exterior Wall Insulation	9,277	171,044	1,102	8243	151,974	976
Foundation Insulation	6,800	108,156	668	11,676	178,905	1,075
Lighting	5,742	197,544	1,427	4,454	153,383	1,130
Duct Leakage	2,135	43,142	284	17,151	342,217	2,251
TOTAL	62,508	\$1,219,856	7,653	46,941	\$928,585	6,093
Savings				25%	24%	20%



Conclusions



Conclusions Really Just Some Observations

- There is an opportunity for improving the quality and energy efficiency of new single-family homes through improved compliance
- DOE established a replicable and robust quantitative data collection and analysis protocol
- Substantial improvement can be achieved in costeffective ways, but reliable, quantitative, actionable data is key
- Methodology provides an opportunity for ongoing stakeholder engagement
- Others have learned from the KY study
 - Ameren MO
 - IL Investor-Owned Utilities



RESOURCES



Resources

- 2009 IECC Energy Code https://codes.iccsafe.org/public/document/details/toc/747
- Kentucky Amendments (page 46) http://dhbc.ky.gov/Documents/2013%20KRC%203rd%20Ed%20(December%202015)%20-%206-22-2016.pdf
- KY Study Website -<u>http://www.mwalliance.org/initiatives/policy/kentucky/residential-energy-code-improvement-study</u>
- DOE Study Website -https://www.energycodes.gov/compliance/energy-code-field-studies
- Online Videos - <u>https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLkWlq0Kgprm7oXX5zm6_Jh6 l6mlnU6TTv</u>
- Insulation Installation Guide -<u>http://www.mwalliance.org/sites/default/files/media/Insulation-Installation-Grading.pdf</u>
- Equipment Right-Sizing http://www.mwalliance.org/sites/default/files/media/More-Bangfor-the-Buck-Final.pdf

Questions







(Two More Speakers to Go)

Thank you!

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